

# Compiler Fuzzing: How Much Does It Matter?

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10th South of England Regional Programming Language Seminar (S-REPLS 10)  
Birkbeck, University of London, 18 September 2018

## Outline

1. About compiler fuzzing
2. Measuring the impact of a compiler bug
3. Impact of compiler bugs found by fuzzing: ongoing study
4. Preliminary conclusion

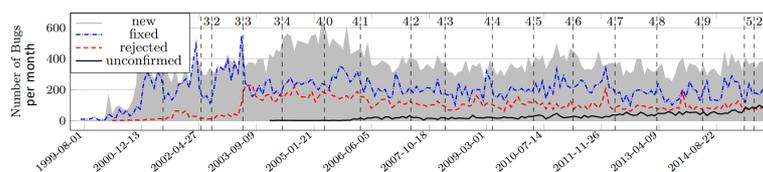
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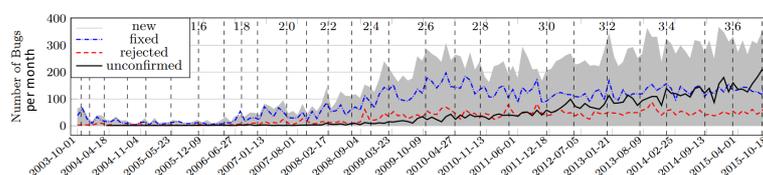
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# Compilers

- Core component of software development toolchain
- Often relied on with some kind of blind confidence
- But **vulnerable to** all issues affecting software, including **bugs**:



(a) GCC.



(b) LLVM

[Sun et al., ISSSTA'16]

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# Compiler bugs



- Consequence of a compiler bug:
  - **Compiler crash:**
    - Assertion violation, internal error, segfault, timeout, RAM exhaustion...
    - Moderate severity: does not affect the compiled app at production time
  - **Wrong-code generation:**
    - The compiler silently emits target code not semantically equivalent to source
    - Critical severity: can go unnoticed until the compiled app misbehaves in production
    - Main rationale for **extensive compiler verification!**
- Approaches to extensive compiler verification: **formal proof** and **fuzzing**

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# Compiler fuzzing (1/2)

- Automated **random testing of compilers**
- **Recently attracted much research**, following CSmith tool [Yang et al., PLDI'11]
- Researchers found **solutions to common test automation challenges**:
  - Input generation: create bug-triggering input programs for compilers
  - Oracle production: detect when wrong-code generation occurs
  - Test reduction: find the minimal miscompiled part of a program



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## Compiler fuzzing (2/2)

- **Fuzzers reported many bugs** in mainstream open-source C/C++ compilers:
  - **Csmith** [Yang et al., PLDI'11]: 400+ bugs in GCC/LLVM
  - **EMI** [Le et al., PLDI'14]: 1500+ bugs in GCC/LLVM
  - **Orange** [Nakamura et al., APCCAS'16]: 50+ bugs in GCC/LLVM
  - **Yarpgen** (Intel): 140+ bugs in GCC/LLVM
- How much do these bugs make real apps fail in production? **2 threats to impact:**
  - Fuzzers find bugs that occur when compiling **artificial**, randomly created apps
  - Miscompilations can be spotted when **apps are tested** and never reach production
- **Our goal:** measure the actual impact of these bugs over real apps



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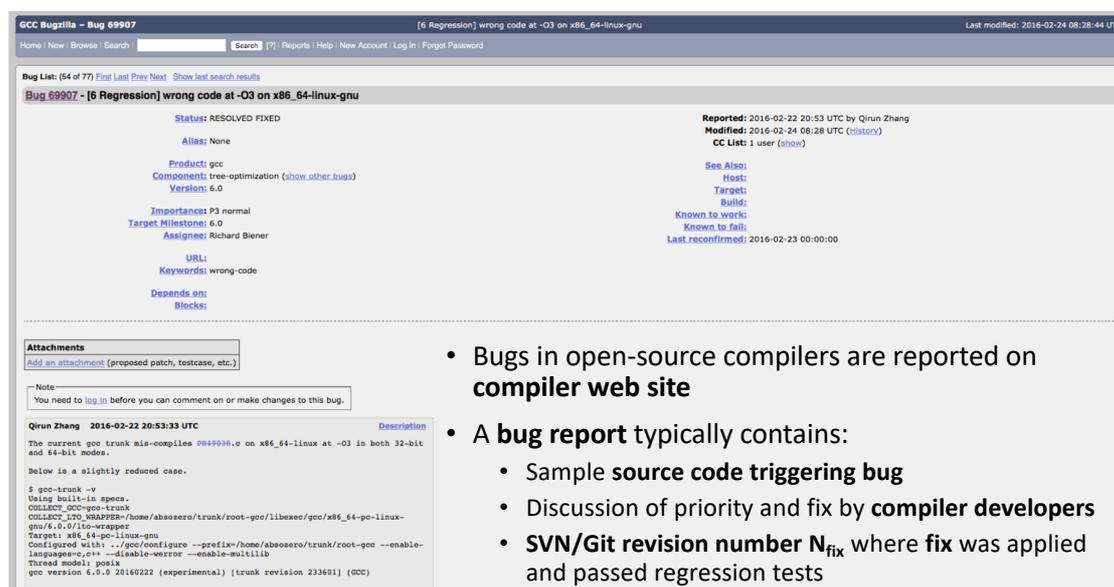
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## Bug impact estimation (1/2)



**Bug 69907 - [6 Regression] wrong code at -O3 on x86\_64-linux-gnu**

Status: RESOLVED FIXED

Reported: 2016-02-22 20:53 UTC by Qirun Zhang  
Modified: 2016-02-24 08:28 UTC (history)  
CC List: 1 user (show)

Product: gcc  
Component: tree-optimization (show other bugs)  
Version: 6.0

Importance: P3 normal  
Target Milestone: 6.0  
Assignee: Richard Biener

URL:  
Keywords: wrong-code

Depends on:  
Blocks:

Attachments  
Add an attachment (proposed patch, testcase, etc.)

Note  
You need to [log in](#) before you can comment on or make changes to this bug.

Qirun Zhang 2016-02-22 20:53:33 UTC Description  
The current gcc trunk mis-compile PR49036.c on x86\_64-linux at -O3 in both 32-bit and 64-bit modes.  
Below is a slightly reduced case.  
\$ gcc-trunk -v  
Using built-in specs.  
COLLECT\_GCC=gcc-trunk  
COLLECT\_OBJS=.../libexec/gcc/x86\_64-linux-gnu/4.0.0/collect2  
Target: x86\_64-linux-gnu  
Configured with: .../configure --prefix=/home/aboseco/trunk/root-gcc --enable-languages=c,++ --disable-werror --enable-multilib  
Thread model: posix  
gcc version 4.0.0 20160222 (experimental) [trunk revision 233601] (GCC)

- Bugs in open-source compilers are reported on **compiler web site**
- A **bug report** typically contains:
  - Sample **source code triggering bug**
  - Discussion of priority and fix by **compiler developers**
  - **SVN/Git revision number N<sub>fix</sub>** where **fix** was applied and passed regression tests

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## Bug impact estimation (2/2)

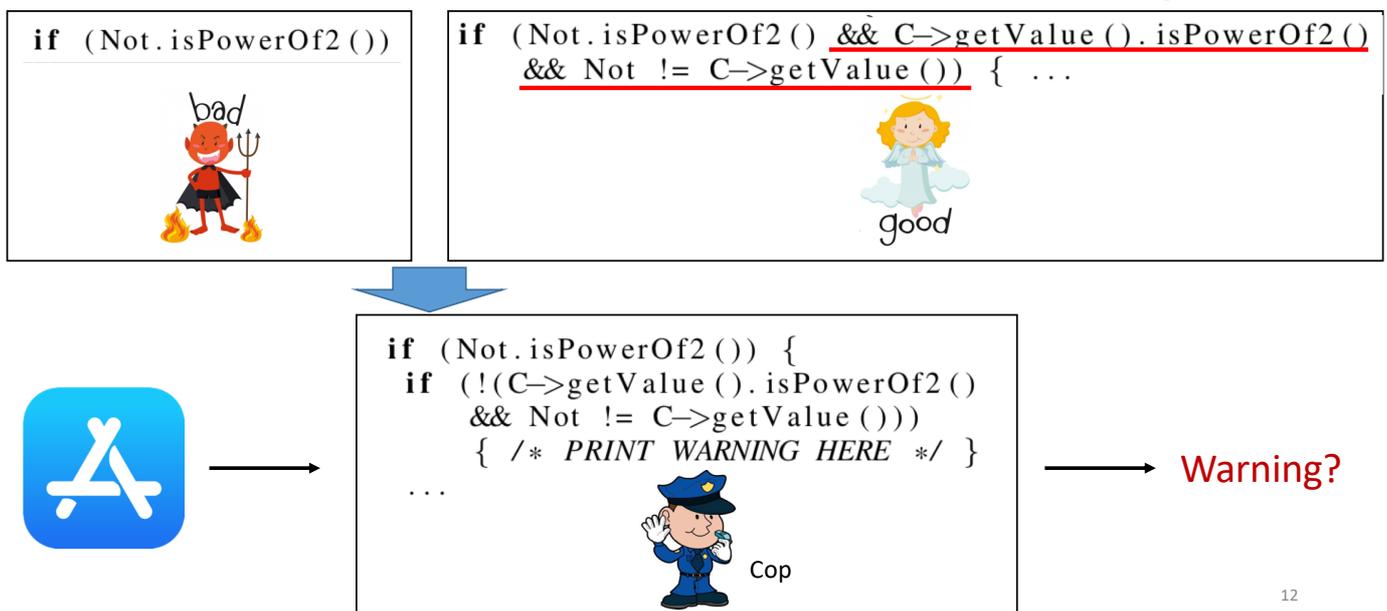
- Given an app to compile, **we consider 3 impact levels for a compiler bug**:
  - Level 1: buggy compiler code is triggered (compiler dynamic time)
  - Level 2: faulty binary app code is generated (application static time)
  - Level 3: faulty binary code is spotted during app testing (application dynamic time)
- Trusting the fix proposed by compiler developers, we have:
  - At  $N_{fix}-1$ , the **bad buggy compiler**
  - At  $N_{fix}$ , the **good fixed compiler**
- We use good and bad compilers to **estimate the bug level for an app**



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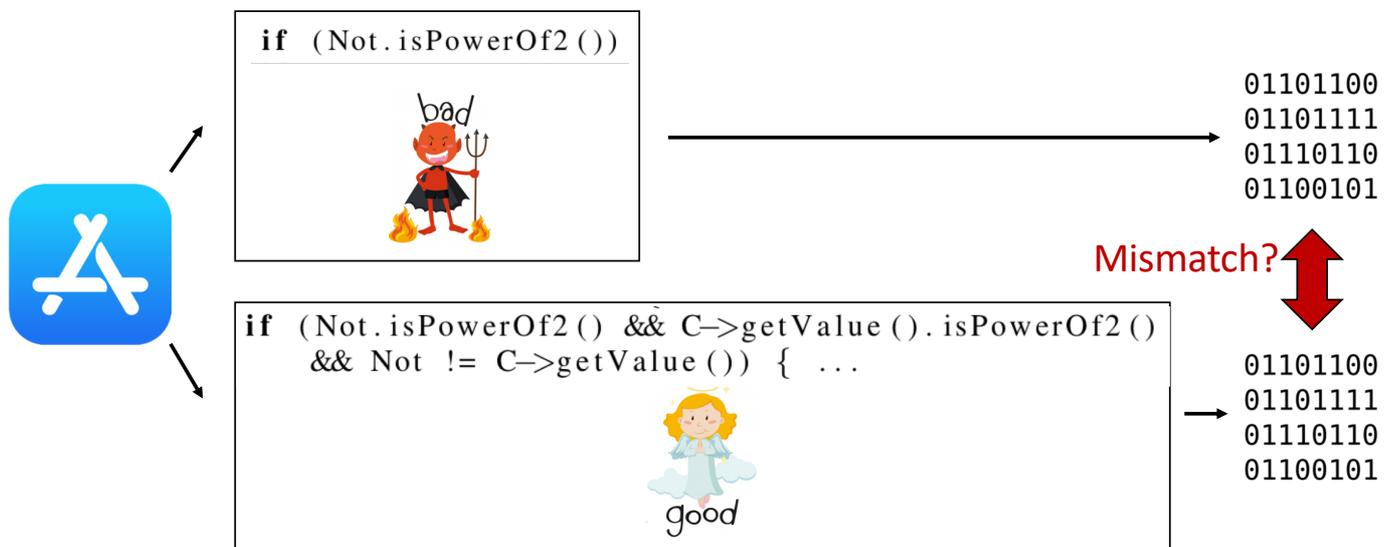
## Estimating level 1 impact

LLVM bug #26323



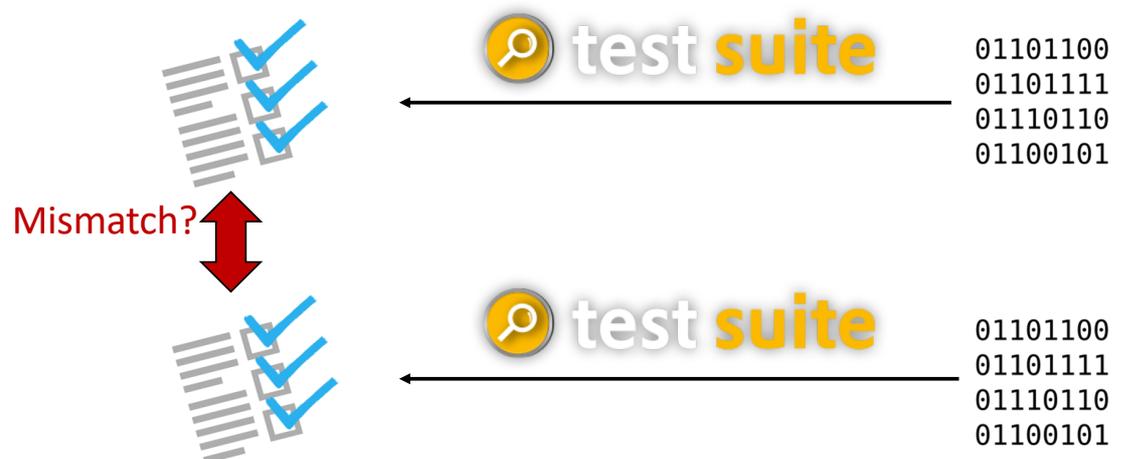
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## Estimating level 2 impact



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## Estimating level 3 impact



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## Compiler bugs sampling

For each (fuzzer, compiler) pair, we picked 15 high-priority bugs:

- Triggering **wrong-code generation**
- Can be easily reproduced on a **at most 10 years old x86/Linux** config
- **Confirmed** by compiler developers and **ranked** at least P3/normal
- **Fix** provided in **isolation of other code changes**

	GCC	LLVM
Csmith (fuzzer)	15	15
EMI (fuzzer)	15	15
Orange (fuzzer)	15	all (6)
Intel Yarpgen (fuzzer)	15	all (4)
Alive (model-checking)	n.a.	all (8)
User-reported	15	15
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>63</b>

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## Application sampling

- **79 applications for a total of 3.6M lines of code** (and more to come)
- Part of the **Ubuntu Minimal Linux** distribution:
  - C or C++ only
  - Can be compiled with most recent versions of GCC/LLVM
- System utilities, network protocols, DBMS, compression, text processing...
- **Examples:** SQLite, Coreutils, Bzip2, Bash...



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## Ongoing study



- **Measure bug impact level for each** of the 10,902 (**bug, application**) pairs
  - Evaluate fuzzers ability to find bugs impacting real code (level 1 & 2)
  - Compare this ability:
    - Between each of the four fuzzers
    - Between the fuzzer and the model-checking tool
    - Between using the fuzzers or considering user-reported bugs
  - Evaluate fuzzers ability to find bugs unseen by app test suites (level 2 →3)
- **Preliminary result:** some bugs have level-2 impact for 47% of applications

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## Preliminary conclusion



- Hard to have a proper conclusion without full results
- Nice to remember that:
  - **Compilers are full of bugs** (hundreds are fixed every month)
  - These bugs can **make your app fail even if code is correct and no compiler warning**
- Future news about this project on **our group website**:

<https://srg.doc.ic.ac.uk>

- My **personal website**:

[www.marcozzi.net](http://www.marcozzi.net)

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